

MAP KEY:

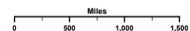
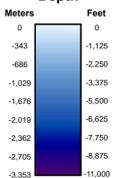
LME Numbers:

- 1 East Bering Sea
- 2 Gulf of Alaska
- 3 California Current
- 4 Gulf of California
- 5 Gulf of Mexico
- 6 Southeast U.S. Continental Shelf
- 7 Northeast U.S. Continental Shelf
- 8 Scotian Shelf
- 9 Newfoundland-Labrador Shelf
- 10 Insular Pacific-Hawaiian
- 11 Pacific Central-American Coastal
- 12 Caribbean Sea
- 13 Humboldt Current
- 14 Patagonian Shelf
- 15 South Brazil Shelf
- 16 East Brazil Shelf
- 17 North Brazil Shelf
- 18 Canadian Eastern Arctic - West Greenland
- 19 Greenland Sea
- 20 Barents Sea
- 21 Norwegian Sea
- 22 North Sea
- 23 Baltic Sea
- 24 Celtic-Biscay Shelf
- 25 Iberian Coastal
- 26 Mediterranean Sea
- 27 Canary Current
- 28 Guinea Current
- 29 Benguela Current
- 30 Agulhas Current
- 31 Somali Coastal Current
- 32 Arabian Sea
- 33 Red Sea
- 34 Bay of Bengal
- 35 Gulf of Thailand
- 36 South China Sea
- 37 Sulu-Celebes Sea
- 38 Indonesian Sea
- 39 North Australian Shelf
- 40 Northeast Australian Shelf - Great Barrier Reef
- 41 East-Central Australian Shelf
- 42 Southeast Australian Shelf
- 43 Southwest Australian Shelf
- 44 West-Central Australian Shelf
- 45 Northwest Australian Shelf
- 46 New Zealand Shelf
- 47 East China Sea
- 48 Yellow Sea
- 49 Kuroshio Current
- 50 Sea of Japan / East Sea
- 51 Oyashio Current
- 52 Sea of Okhotsk
- 53 West Bering Sea
- 54 Northern Bering - Chukchi Seas
- 55 Beaufort Sea
- 56 East Siberian Sea
- 57 Laptev Sea
- 58 Kara Sea
- 59 Iceland Shelf and Sea
- 60 Faroe Plateau
- 61 Antarctic
- 62 Black Sea
- 63 Hudson Bay Complex
- 64 Central Arctic Ocean
- 65 Aleutian Islands
- 66 Canadian High Arctic - North Greenland

LME Boundary

Political Boundary

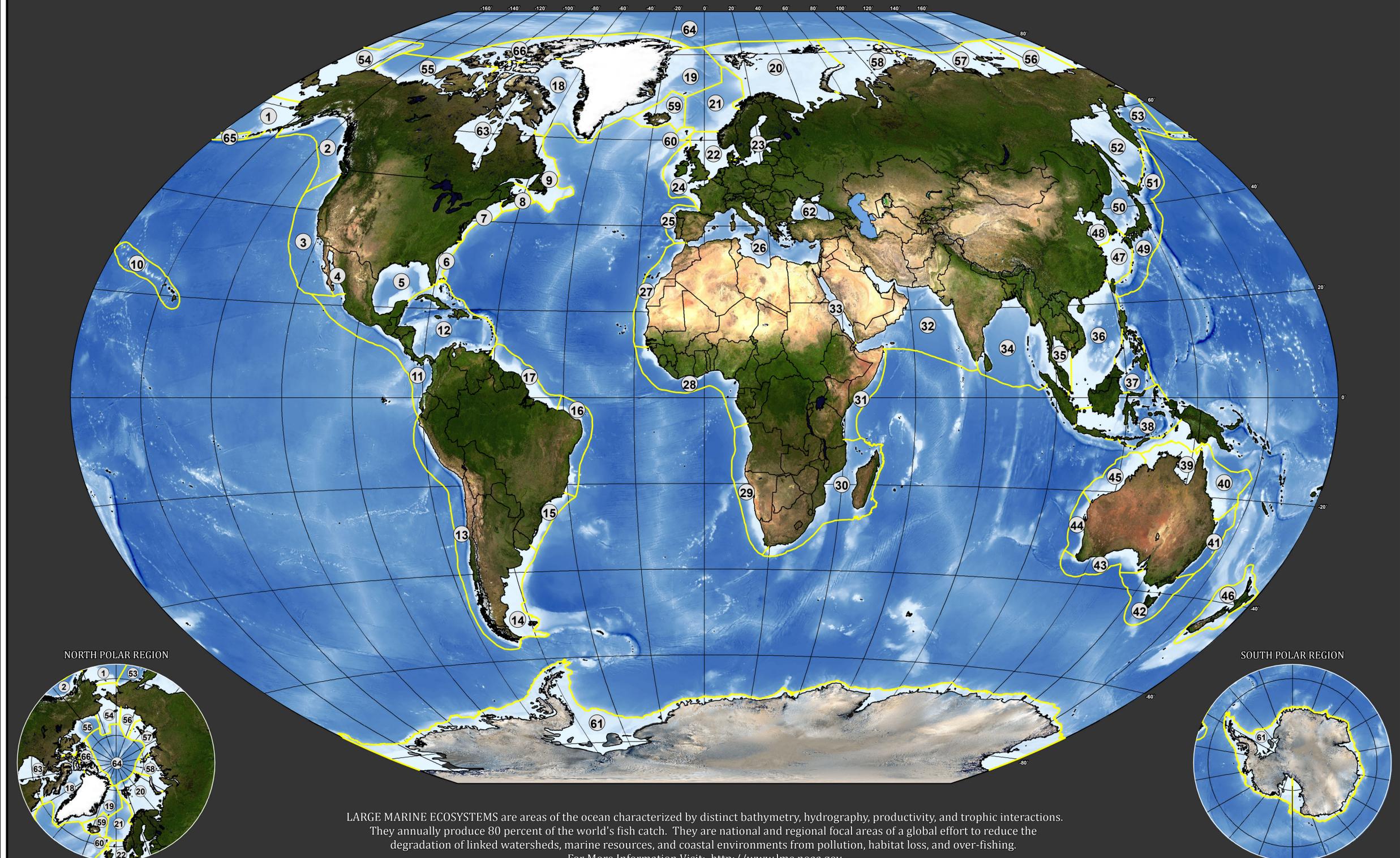
Depth



Winkel Tripel Projection
Scale = 1 : 54,500,000
1 in = 1,342 miles 1 cm = 850 km

Data Sources:
Bathymetry (2-minute) : Smith and Sandwell, 1997
Bathymetry (5-minute) : NAUTICAL, 2005
Watersheds (HYDRO 1k) : USGS Eros Data Center
Terrestrial Image, Political Boundaries : ESRI

Large Marine Ecosystems of the World



LARGE MARINE ECOSYSTEMS are areas of the ocean characterized by distinct bathymetry, hydrography, productivity, and trophic interactions. They annually produce 80 percent of the world's fish catch. They are national and regional focal areas of a global effort to reduce the degradation of linked watersheds, marine resources, and coastal environments from pollution, habitat loss, and over-fishing.

For More Information Visit: <http://www.lme.noaa.gov>